



Insider Threat Readiness Audit Checklist

Use this checklist to assess whether your organisation is overexposed to trusted-user cyber risk.

User Access Governance

- All active employee accounts are inventoried.
- Former employee accounts are removed rapidly.
- Shared/generic accounts are minimised.
- Least-privilege access is applied by role.
- Administrative rights are tightly controlled.

Sensitive Data Protection

- Sensitive business data locations are clearly identified.
- Large export/download permissions are role-limited.
- Personal cloud uploads are restricted.
- USB/local transfer handling is governed.
- Broad anonymous share links are discouraged.

Contractor and Vendor Controls

- Contractor accounts are reviewed regularly.
- Vendor access has named internal ownership.
- Temporary external permissions expire deliberately.
- Third-party login activity is visible.

Monitoring and Reporting

- High-risk internal activity is logged.
- Employees know what internal mistakes to report.
- Suspicious MFA/login prompts are escalated quickly.
- Managers reinforce cyber accountability consistently.

Growth Governance

- Role changes trigger access review.
- New SaaS platforms are reviewed before broad rollout.
- Insider risk policies are documented.
- Leadership reviews internal trust exposure annually.

- Sensitive folders are segmented by business need.
 - Data handling expectations are part of employee awareness training.
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SCORING YOUR RESULTS

20–24 boxes checked = STRONG MATURITY

Your organisation is actively controlling internal trust relationships and reducing preventable insider-driven cyber exposure.

12–19 boxes checked = MODERATE EXPOSURE

Some internal controls exist, but growth has likely created permission, data handling, or visibility gaps that still leave meaningful insider risk.

0–11 boxes checked = HIGH VULNERABILITY

Your organisation is relying heavily on informal trust and may be significantly exposed to costly employee, contractor, or dormant-account cyber incidents.